

Treatment of Smoke Inhalation in Horses:

By Dr. Gary Magdesian

- 1. Intravenous balanced, polyionic IV fluids to treat shock
 - a. LRS, Vetivex, or PlasmaLyte A
- 2. Flunixin meglumine (Banamine) after initial fluids to rehydrate
- 3. Bronchodilators: oral clenbuterol, or nebulized albuterol/salmeterol
- 4. Antioxidants: Vitamin E (20 IU/kg PO, q 24) [10,000 IU for 500 kg horse]
- 5. Vitamin C in IV fluids (20 mg/kg)
- 6. Optional: Pentoxifylline (10 mg/kg PO, q 12 h)
- 7. Optional: DMSO in fluids (low dose, 20 mg/kg in fluids q 12 h)
- 8. Corticosteroids: Controversial, not currently recommended in human patients *unless upper airway edema at risk for airway obstruction is present. If used, recommend only one dose to avoid immunosuppression
- 9. Antibiotics only if pneumonia develops during healing stages
- 10. If nebulizers available, see 12 below
- 11. Hospital setting: Oxygen (will reduce half-life of carbon monoxide)
- 12. Hospital setting: Nebulizing can aid in removal of particulates (acetylcysteine, bronchodilators)
- 13. Hospital setting: Consider low molecular weight heparin in platelet count normal

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